

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: RADIATOR CLEAN Product code: 90071northamerica

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Δdditive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: MOTUL.

Address: 119 BOULEVARD FELIX FAURE.93300.AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX.FRANCE.

Telephone: +33 (0)1.48.11.70.00. Fax: +33 (0)1.48.33.28.79.

Email: motul_hse@motul.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +44 (0) 1235 239 670.

Association/Organisation: .

Other emergency numbers

BRAZIL: +55 11 3197 5891 / COLOMBIA: +57 1 508 7337 / ARGENTINA: +54 11 5984 3690 / CHILE: +562 2582 9336

Ireland: +353 1 8092566

UNITED STATES: 001 866 928 0789 / CANADA: 001 800 579 7421 / MEXICO: +52 55 5004 8763 / MIDDLE EAST - AFRICA: +44 1235

239671

24 hours a day, 7 days a week

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

HCS compliant.

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

2.2. Label elements

HCS compliant.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS07

Signal Word : WARNING

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

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P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition:

Identification	HCS	Nota	%
CAS: 111-76-2	GHS07	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
EC: 203-905-0	Wng		
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2B, H320		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
CAS: 110-91-8	GHS02, GHS05, GHS07, Dg	[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 203-815-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
MORPHOLINE	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

Information on ingredients:

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

Remove the victim to fresh air. If the symptoms persist, call a physician.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

Wash immediately and abundantly with water, including under the eyelids.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital. Immediately remove all soiled clothing.

Wash immediately and abundantly with soap and water.

In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction

Dry agent, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If the ground is contaminated, once the product has been recovered by sponging with an inert and non-combustible absorbent material, wash the contaminated area in plenty of water.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Avoid contact with eyes.

No special precaution apart from the observance of hygiene rules

Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment.

No smoking.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Ensure good ventilation at the workplace

Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour, spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between 5°C and 40°C in a dry, well ventilated place.

Only use hydrocarbon-resistant containers, joints and pipes.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE):

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes:
111-76-2	98	20	246	50	Peau
110-91-8	36	10	72	20	-

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
111-76-2	20 ppm			A3; BEI		
110-91-8	20 ppm			Skin; A4		

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 29/01/2018) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
111-76-2		10 ppm		4(II)
		49 mg/m³		
110-91-8		10 ppm		2(I)
		36 mg/m³		

- France (INRS - ED984 :2016) :

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:	
111-76-2	10	49	50	246	*	84	
110-91-8	10	36	20	72	-	-	

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :	
111-76-2	25 ppm	50 ppm		Sk, BMGV		
	123 mg/m ³	246 mg/m ³				
110-91-8	10 ppm	20 ppm		Sk		
	36 mg/m³	72 mg/m ³				

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.

Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Natural latex

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- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Breathing apparatus only when aerosol or spray are formed.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information:

Physical state:	Fluid liquid.
Color:	Amber
Important health, safety and environmental information	

pH:	Not stated.
	Neutral.
Flash Point Interval :	93°C (199,4 °F) < FP <= 100°C (212 °F)
Flash Point :	94.00 °C.
Vapour pressure (50°C):	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
Density:	= 1
Water solubility:	Partially soluble.
Viscosity:	1.2 mm2/s à 40°C
Viscosity:	v < 7 mm2/s (40°C)

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- frost

Keep away from heat and from sources of ignition

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants

Acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity:

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Oral route: LD50 = 470 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 1100 mg/kg

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 = 11 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 4 h

11.1.2. Mixture

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

Mild eye irritation

Aspiration hazard:

"Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the respiratory system in very susceptible persons."

May cause lung damage if swallowed

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 111-76-2: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1490 mg/l

Species : Lepomis macrochirus Duration of exposure : 96 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3.1. Substances

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 0.81

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not very mobile in soil.

The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the surface

Water soluble

Mobile in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The appropriate waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with local regulations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

-

14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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14.4. Packing group

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14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The following regulations have been used:

- OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

Unlisted.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704): NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=2 Inflammability=2 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



- Clean Water Act : Toxic Pollutants (CWA 307A)
Unlisted.

- Clean Water Act : Hazardous Substances (CWA 311)

- Clean Water Act : Hazardous Substances (CWA 304b)

Clean Water Act : Priority Pollutants (CWA Priority)
 Unlisted.

- Clean Air Act : Hazardous Air Pollutants (CAA 112(b) HAP (188))

Unlisted.

- Clean Air Act: Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants National Emission Standards (CAA 112(b) HON (387))

Unlisted.

- Clean Air Act : Protection of Stratospheric Ozone (CAA 602)

Unlisted

- SARA 110

Unlisted.

- SARA 302/304

Unlisted.

- SARA 313

Unlisted

- California proposition 65: Chemicals known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity

Unlisted.

- Massachusetts: Right to Know

CAS Name

 111-76-2
 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

 110-91-8
 MORPHOLINE

- New Jersey: Right to Know

CAS Name

111-76-2 2-BUTOXYETHANOL 110-91-8 MORPHOLINE

- Pennsylvania : Hazardous Substance

CAS Name

111-76-2 2-BUTOXYETHANOL 110-91-8 MORPHOLINE

- Rhode Island : Hazardous substance list

CAS Name

111-76-2 2-BUTOXYETHANOL 110-91-8 MORPHOLINE

- TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) - USA

All components are listed or exempted.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H320	Causes eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

Abbreviations:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

HCS: Hazard Communication standard (OSHA).